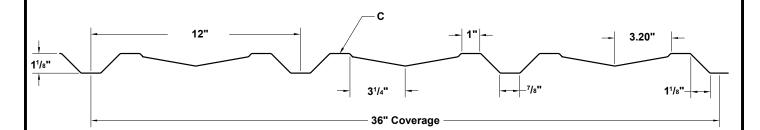
Product	Page No.
Panel Information  Span-Line 36A Panel Profile  Panel Overview	
Flashing Profiles	
Span-Line 36A Inside Corner	PSP-3 PSP-3 PSP-3 PSP-3 PSP-3 PSP-3
Accessory Profiles	
Span-Line 36A Closures Universal Closure Tube Sealant Tape Sealant Touch-Up Paint Continuous Ridge Vent Louver with Screen Span-Line 36A Panel Shear	PSP-4 PSP-4 PSP-4 PSP-4 PSP-4
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### SPAN-LINE 36A PANEL OVERVIEW

#### **PANEL PROFILE**



#### **SLOPE**

Span-Line 36A is designed for wall applications and should not be used as a roof panel.

#### **SUBSTRATE**

Span-Line 36A is designed to be utilized over open structural framing, but can easily be used with a solid substrate. The recommended substrate is 5/8" plywood with a 30 pound felt moisture barrier. To avoid panel distortion, use a properly aligned and uniform substructure.

#### **COVERAGE**

Span-Line 36A panels have a coverage of 36" and a rib hieght of 1 1/8".

#### **LENGTH**

Lengths under 5'-0" are available with some cutting restrictions. Maximum recommended panel length is 45'-0". Longer panels require additional consideration in packaging, shipping and erection. Please consult your Metal Sales branch for recommendations (see PGI-2 and PGI-3 for locations).

#### **AVAILABILITY**

Panels are available in 26, 24 and 22 gauge (minimum quantity may apply).

#### **APPLICATION**

Commercial, Industrial and Architectural panels

#### **FASTENING SYSTEM**

Direct Fastened (exposed)

#### **FASTENERS**

The fastener selection guide should be consulted for choosing proper fasteners for specific applications. Quantity and type of fastener must meet necessary loading and code requirements (see PGI-12 through PGI-14).

#### **MATERIALS**

26 gauge steel: Grade 80 per ASTM A 792 24 and 22 gauge steel: Grade 50 per ASTM A 792

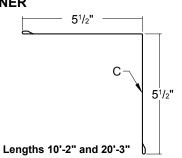
#### **FINISH**

- ► \*Acrylic Coated Galvalume® (ACG), AZ55 per ASTM A 792
- ► Prepainted Galvalume®, AZ50 per ASTM A 792
- ▶ MS Colorfast45®
- ▶ \*\*PVDF
  - \* Differential appearance of Acrylic Coated Galvalume® roofing materials is not a cause for rejection.
  - \*\* Meets both Kynar  $500^{\$}$  and Hylar  $5000^{\$}$  specifications.

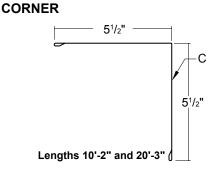


### **SPAN-LINE 36A** FLASHING PROFILES

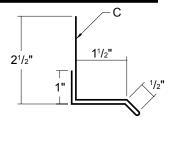
# SPAN-LINE 36A INSIDE CORNER



## SPAN-LINE 36A OUTSIDE

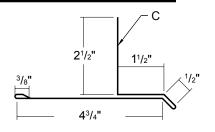


### 1.5" SILL/HEAD



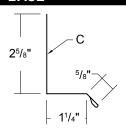
### Length 10'-2"

#### 1.5" SILL TO SOFFIT



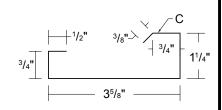
Length 10'-2"

#### 1 1/4" BASE



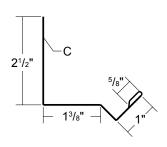
Length 10'-2"

### SPAN-LINE 36A JAMB



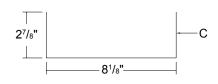
Length 10'-2"

#### **HEAD CHANNEL**



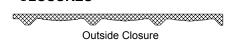
Length 10'-2"

#### **HEAD JAMB COVER**



Lengths 10'-2" and 14'-2"

### **SPAN-LINE 36A CLOSURES**



Inside Closure

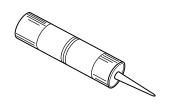
Polyethylene Foam

#### **UNIVERSAL CLOSURE**



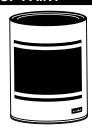
1" x 11/2" x 50' Polyethylene Foam 1" x 11/2" x 10' Polyethylene Foam

#### **TUBE SEALANT**



10.3 oz. Cartridge Urethane

#### **TOUCH-UP PAINT**



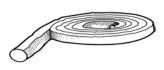
Available in 2 oz Bottles PVDF / MS Colorfast45®

#### **LOUVER WITH SCREEN**



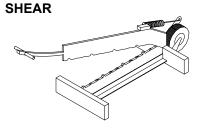
3' x 3', 3' x 4'

#### **TAPE SEALANT**

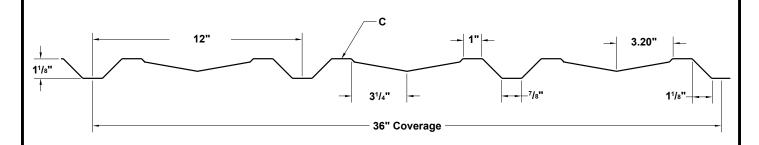


3/8" X 3/32" X 50' Single Bead Tape Sealant **Butyl - Gray** 

### **SPAN-LINE 36A PANEL**



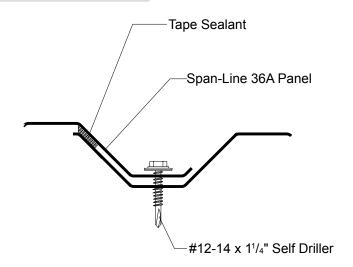
### SPAN-LINE 36A Section Properties and General Information



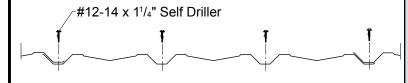
SECTION PROPERTIES					ALLOWABLE UNIFORM LIVE LOADS psf (3 or More Equal Spans)														
	Width	Yield	Weight	Top in Co	mpression	Bottom in C	ompression	Inward Load Outward Load		ad									
Ga	in	ksi	psf	lxx in <sup>4</sup> /ft	Sxx in³/ft	lxx in⁴/ft	Sxx in³/ft			2' 3' 4' 5' 6' 7'					7'				
<u> </u>					-	<del> </del>	-		_	4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			3		_	-	
26	36	80	0.81	0.0251	0.0371	0.0233	0.0313	196	92	53	34	21	13	224	107	62	37	21	13
24	36	50	1.06	0.0354	0.0497	0.0338	0.0463	255	117	67	43	28	18	272	125	71	46	28	18
22	36	50	1.40	0.0471	0.0651	0.0454	0.0621	347	158	90	58	37	23	362	164	94	60	37	23

- 1. Theoretical section properties have been calculated per AISI 2012 "Specifications for the Design of Cold-formed Steel Structural Members." Ixx and Sxx are effective section properties for deflection and bending.
- 2. Allowable load is calculated in accordance with AISI 2012 specifications considering bending, shear, combined bending and shear and deflection. Allowable load considers the 3 or more equal span condition. Allowable load does not address web crippling, fasteners/support connection or load testing. Panel weight is not considered.
- 3. Deflection consideration is limited by a maximum deflection ratio of L/180 of span.
- 4. Allowable loads do not include a 1/3 stress increase in uplift.

#### ATTACHMENT DETAIL



#### **FASTENING PATTERN**



#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **▶** Substructure

Span-Line 36A is designed to be utilized over open structural framing but can easily be used with a solid substrate. To avoid panel distortion use a properly aligned and uniform substructure.

#### ▶ Coverage

Span-Line 36A panels are available in a  $1^{1}/_{8}$ " rib height with a coverage width of 36".

#### **▶** Length

Minimum factory cut length is 5'-0". Maximum recommended panel length is 45'-0". Longer panels require additional consideration in packaging, shipping and erection. Please consult Metal Sales for recommendations.

#### **▶** Fasteners

The fastener selection guide should be consulted for choosing the proper fastener for specific applications. Quantity and type of fastener must meet necessary loading and code requirements.

NOTE: All panels are subject to surface distortion due to improperly applied fasteners. Overdriven fasteners will cause stress and induce oil canning across the face of the panel at or near the point of attachment.

#### ► Availability

Finishes: Acrylic Coated Galvalume®, MS Colorfast45® and PVDF (Kynar 500®)

Gauges: 26 ga and 24 ga standard, 22 ga optional

#### **FASTENER INSTALLATION TECHNIQUE**

Recommended Tool Type - Use depth locating nose or adjustable clutch on screw gun to prevent overdrilling and strip out. Do not use impact tools or runners.

Seating the washer - Apply sufficient torque to seat the washer - do not overdrive the fastener.

	CORRECT Sealing material slightly visible at edge of metal washer. Assembly is watertight.	TOO LOOSE Sealing material is not visible; not enough compression to seal properly.	TOO TIGHT  Metal washer deformed; sealing material pressed beyond washer edge.
SELF DRILLER			
WOODSCREW			

To prevent wobbling - Make sure fastener head is completely engaged in the socket. If the head does not go all the way in the socket - tap the magnet deeper into the socket to allow full head engagement. Metal chips will build up from drilling and should be removed from time to time.

Protect drill point - Push only hard enough on the screw gun to engage clutch. This prevents excess friction and burn out of the drill point. Correct pressure will allow screw to drill and tap without binding.

**Drilling through sheet and insulation** - Ease up on pressure when drilling through insulation to avoid striking the purlin or girt with the point - apply more pressure after drill point contacts purlin or girt.

Drilling through purlin overlaps - Drilling through lapped purlins requires extra care. Excessive voids between purlins sometimes damages drill points and two self-drillers might be necessary to complete the operation. It is sometimes advantageous to predrill.

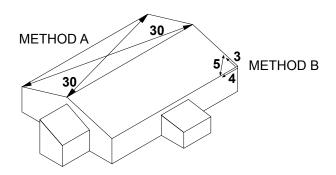
#### **CONDITION OF SUBSTRUCTURE**

Whether over solid substrate or open structural framing, panel distortion may occur if not applied over properly aligned and uniform substructure

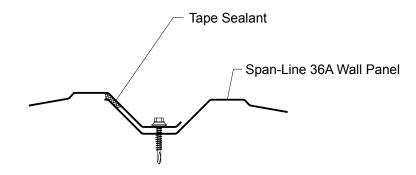
The installer should check the roof deck for squareness before installing Span-Line Panels. Several methods can be used to verify squareness of the structure for proper installation of the panels.

METHOD "A" - One method for checking the roof for squareness is to measure diagonally across one slope of the roof from similar points at the ridge and eave and obtain the same dimension.

METHOD "B" - The 3-4-5 triangle system may also be used. To use this system measure a point from the corner along the edge of the roof at a module of three (3). Measure a point from the same corner along another edge at a module of four (4). Then by measuring diagonally between the two points established, the dimension should be exactly a module of five (5) to have a square corner. Multiple uses of this system may be required to determine building squareness. If the endwall cannot be made square, the roof system cannot be installed as shown in these instructions.

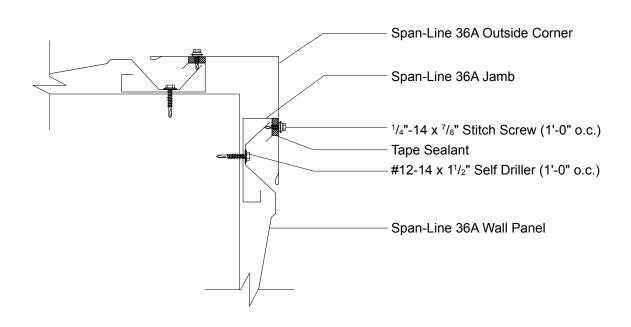


#### SPAN-LINE 36A FASTENING PATTERN

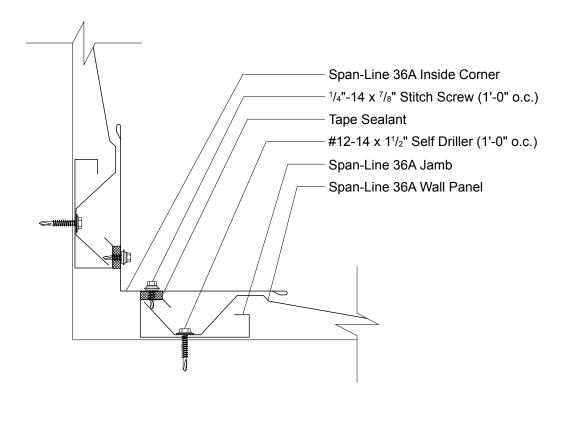




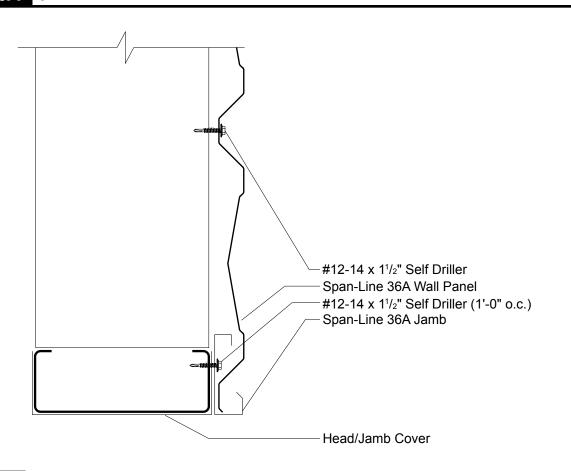
**Span-Line 36A Fastening Pattern** 



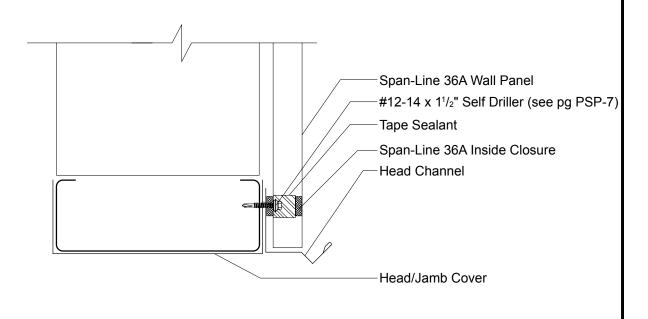
### SPAN-LINE 36A Inside Corner Detail

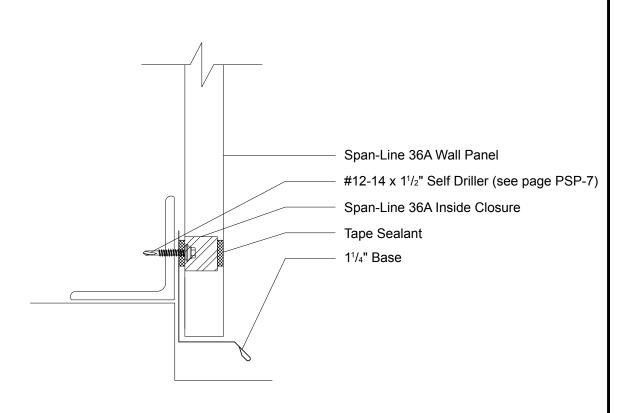


# SPAN-LINE 36A JAMB DETAIL



# SPAN-LINE 36A HEAD DETAIL





<b>SPAN-LINE 36A</b>	Notes

SPAN-LINE 36A NOTES